





The idea of this march has already gained interest from various Palestinian political parties and groups. Most of the Palestinian political and civil organizations have welcomed the idea, expressing willingness to participate. Advocates of this event have repeatedly emphasised that it is peaceful, calling on all international organizations to take part in monitoring both the peaceful crowds as well as Israel's action responding to the event. The sit-in is a popular, non-partisan event, with all Palestinians and international solidarity movements, groups and organizations invited to take part. Only the Flag of Palestine and another of UN Resolution 194 will be lifted by peaceful demonstrators.

The march does not seek to accomplish any political agenda, and is, in and of itself, non-political. It is based solely on the refugees' Right of Return as provided for by the United Nations, which stated that, "refugees wishing to return to their homes and live at peace with their neighbours should be permitted to do so at the earliest practicable date, and that compensation should be paid for the property of those choosing not to return and for loss of or damage to property which, under principles of international law or equity, should be made good by the Governments or authorities responsible."

The march is a cry from the Palestinian refugees who have endured more than seventy years of agony and misery in refugee camps; it is an insistent determination that life in these refugee camps lacking the minimum standard of a life of dignity will no longer continue. The increasing talks about America's intention to arrive at an unjust settlement of the refugee question is prompting more and more Palestinians to come together around the idea of this march for return.

Palestinian refugees have been living under dire humanitarian conditions in the 360-square-kilometers enclave that is home to over 1,912,000 Palestinians, two thirds of whom are displaced refugees. The Gaza Strip has been subjected to a crippling blockade and closure suffocating residents and imposing blanket restrictions on their right to movement. According to UN reports, Gaza will not be livable by 2020. Refugees in Lebanon and the West Bank are no better. More than 3,600 of Syria's Palestinian refugees have been killed. More than 120,000 of them are displaced outside Syria, while the number of IDPs is two times higher.

Practically realising the Palestinians' right of return is not only about refugees, but also about stability and justice in the Middle East. With the Palestinian refugee crisis unresolved for over 70 years, Palestinians' appalling living conditions are only exacerbating.

The Gaza Strip can no longer contain its population, especially given the blockade and closure of crossings. This is why Palestinians feel that they must free themselves from this prison. Rather than waiting to be driven to a new exile, they have decided that their destination is their homes from which they were expelled.

Palestine is enough for all, a fact the Israeli government continues to unjustifiably ignore. Most of the villages from which the refugees were expelled are still empty. That is, Palestine has room for refugees to return without Israelis ever needing to leave. The Israeli government's refusal to return refugees is racist and exclusive. The values of democracy, dignity and equal citizenship for all are today's universal values. Therefore, the march-to-return initiative is a means for the peaceful return of refugees, living in a state together with Israelis on a democratic basis, not a discriminatory one.

The Palestinian refugees are now seeking solidarity and support from all people around the world for the realisation of their legitimate right to a peaceful return to their homes, effectively implementing the United Nations resolution 194. Palestinian refugees expect from all institutions and human rights activists to take a positive stance supporting justice and equality. By refusing to implement international resolutions and continuing to imprison Palestinians in Bastuntans as in former South Africa, Israel has been 'beating the drums of war' and reversing the humanitarian will for progress, stability and prosperity.»

